Covert Communication & You

A Discussion-Based Best Practices Review

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Humans are capable of making over 10,000 facial expressions to convey the nuances of our every mood and emotion.

- Raised eyebrows can express...
- A furrowed forehead can mean...
- Do exposed teeth mean happiness or aggression?
- Neck muscles can show tension and stress
- What thoughts can you express using only your eyes?

Facial expressions are a near-universal form of body language

Across cultures, the expressions used to express happiness, anger, fear, and sadness are nearly identical, regardless world region, country of origin, or sex

Knowing this information, you can use your facial expressions to send a message without speaking a word

People judge you by your facial expressions before you even have a change to speak!

- A smiling face gives the impression of happiness and intelligence
- An angry scowl gives the impression of lower intelligence
- Shifting eyes make people think that you are not trustworthy

Fun Fact: Only 10% of people can control their outer eye muscles, the muscles that create lines when we smile. No laugh lines mean the smile is forced and fake.

Once we are aware of what our facial expressions are telling people, we can

- Consciously use facial movements to covertly communicate or to send a message from a distance
- Concentrate on remaining stoic to prevent transferring information we would prefer to keep private

How much proximal space we need – and how much we give – sends a telling message about how we feel about the people in our surroundings

There are four types of proximal space:

- Intimate
- Personal
- Social
- Public

Intimate space indicates a close, personal relationship between two people

It consists of 6" – 18" (15 cm – 45 cm) between people

It occurs during hugging, greetings, intimate conversation, and other activities that require close contact

It suggests a close and comfortable relationship between the people involved

Intimate space may indicate a sexual relationship, but it is not limited to such relationships

Personal space indicates a familiar relationship between two people – generally close friendships and family members

It consists of 18" to 4' (45 cm to 1.22 m) between people

It occurs during both casual and business conversation

The amount of space between people indicates the closeness of the relationship

As relationships develop, the amount of personal space needed between two people can be observed to decrease

Social space indicates a relationship between people who are acquaintances, but not necessarily friends

It consists of 4' to 12' (1.22m to 3.66 m) between people

Social space is the type of space most frequently observed in the office, between co-workers

Close co-workers will generally put less space between them than they put between themselves and their managers

Public space is used when presenting to an audience – a lecturer and the attendees, a teacher and the students, a performer and the audience

It consists of 12' to 25' (3.66 m to 7.62 m) between people

Public space is observed between strangers, as well

Often times, strangers will cross the street to avoid passing each other on a sidewalk. Regardless of intent, the result is the creation of public space

Our hands and feet can put people at ease or raise alarm, depending on their positioning:

Would you feel more comfortable being approached by someone with clenched fists or open palms? Why?

A clenched fist is a sign that someone is ready to fight – to start one, or to defend themselves in one

An open palm shows that the person has nothing to hide – they are not holding a weapon, nor are they prepared to punch

The positioning of your feet can also put people at ease or make them judge you harshly

When speaking with someone, would you rather their feet be facing forward or at an angle?

When feet are facing forward, we are in a position to attack or run, indicating that danger is near

When a person's feet are set outward at a 45-degree angle, we are unable to run forward (try it and see how far you get!)

This indicates **comfort** with your surroundings, and **safety** for the person to whom you are speaking

Feet turned inward (for non-medical reasons) buckle our knees and make us slouch, giving us the appearance of being bored

Walk the Line...

Our posture and gait can communicate how we see ourselves

- Standing tall indicates self-assuredness and leadership
- Poor posture or slumped shoulders indicates powerlessness
- Long smooth strides indicate confidence in your purpose; short, mincing steps the opposite
- Walking a straight line communicates honesty
- Walking in a zigzag pattern gives the impression you are scattered and disorganized in your thinking

I Walk the Line...

Our posture and gait can communicate how we see ourselves

- Standing tall indicates self-assuredness and leadership
- Poor posture or slumped shoulders indicates a feeling of powerlessness or low energy

Walk the Line...

To temporarily improve posture, imagine you are being pulled by a string attached to your head

To improve posture long-term, work to strengthen your core muscles

J Walk the Line...



The major core muscles of the back are:

- Trapezius the muscle that runs from the top of your spine and across your upper back
- Latissimus dorsi the large muscle that under your armpits and wraps your lower back
- Erector spinae/sacrospinalis the long muscles that run along the sides of your spine
- Gluteus maximus and medius the muscles in the lowest portion of your spine and hip (yes, your butt)

Walk the Line...

The major core muscles of the front are:

- External obliques the flat muscles on the sides of your abdominal region
- Rectus abdominus the abdominal muscles that run up and down your torso (the divider that gives you a "six pack")
- Diaphragm the dome-shaped muscle that separates your upper and lower torso

Ornamentation is a form of body language that is completely under our own control

Style of clothing and shoes – casual or formal, clean or dirty, long or short, heels or flats

Colors worn – bright, muted, neutral, hot/warm, cool/cold

Accessories and jewelry – costume or fine, watch or bracelet, rings or wedding bands, scarves, hats, gloves

Hair Style – short or long, pulled back or loose, traditional or trendy, colored or natural, facial hair or clean shaven

Style of clothing and shoes can make us blend in or stand out in a crowd:

- Bill Gates vs. Steve Jobs
- Warren Buffer vs. Mark Zuckerberg
- Laura Bush vs. Melania Trump

The colors we choose to wear send an unspoken message

- Red projects power and strong leadership
- Orange suggests caution is advised
- Blue is a calming force
- Neutral tones (black, white, brown) suggest conservative or traditional values

The jewelry we choose to wear – or not wear – can tell people about our social status

- Wedding ring, college/university ring or membership ring
- Watch, FitBit, or fashion bracelet
- Heirloom pieces or costume jewelry

How we wear our hair and groom gives clues to our background

- Men's hair cut "high and tight" indicates military service (current or formerly long-serving)
- A bearded man is not currently serving in the U.S. Army
- An Amish man without a beard is most certainly single

How we wear our hair and groom gives clues to our background

- A woman who straightens her curly hair is looking to be taken more seriously
- A woman who wears heavy makeup is very conscious about her looks
- A woman who keeps a fine manicure does not do heavy labor

Summary

Expressions

Proximity

Extremities

Posture & Gait

The positioning of our hands and feet send a message to people before we have even said a word, and can be seen from several feet/meters away; make sure that they are sending the message you want to communicate.

Humans are capable of making over 10,000 facial expressions to convey the nuances of our

every mood and emotion, are nearly universal in meaning, and make a strong first impression.

How close or far we stand from someone indicates how we feel about them. The closer we

stand, the more comfortable we are in their presence. Intimately close can indicate romantic

Posture and gait communicate confidence level; they can make us appear honest or disorganized (and therefore untrustworthy).

or sexual feeling for the other person.

Ornamentation

Our style of dress and use of color, accessories, and grooming send a message. Ornamentation is a type of body language that is completely under our control.

